

# Decontrol Fails to End Oahu Housing Shortage

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By STAFF WRITER  
 Rental housing is scarcer in Honolulu than at any time in recent years, especially in the low priced units.  
 Two years of entire decontrol of rents for new structures has not (as promised by former Sup. Nick Teves and other sponsors of decontrol) achieved anything at all toward solving the problem of furnishing housing for low income families.  
 Long waiting lists at the Ha-

wai Housing Authority, problems of the Honolulu Redevelopment Agency in relocating families to be moved from blighted areas, and the low ratio of vacancies of any sort strongly indicate that "private enterprise" has utterly failed at the job of providing housing for the low income families of Honolulu—in vast majority over those with incomes of \$4,000 or more—and left the problem squarely up to government.  
 These are the findings that fol-

low further investigation of the facts that led visiting U.S. Sen. Edward J. Thye (R.-Minn.) to express grave concern late last week with "the serious military housing shortage in Hawaii."  
 Local officials thoroughly agree with Sen. Thye's sentiments and add that the concern is due local people as well as the dependents of military personnel stationed here.  
 Not New To Rent Control  
 Oliver C. Soares, administrator

of the C-C rent control commission commented wryly, "What Senator Thye says is nothing more than we've been saying all the time."  
 Soares revealed that present rent control studies of the rental situations indicate the percentage of vacancies is between 1.5 and 1 per cent at present, the vacancies being scarcer than six months ago, and scarcer than at any time in recent years. Vacancies are fewest of all in low priced rental units,

he said, where they are most needed.  
 Examples of Gouging  
 Further complicating the picture, said Soares, some landlords in higher priced "luxury housing," (more on page 5)

## Liquor Comm. Probe Halted To Investigate Hopeful Investigator

The C-C liquor commission's undercover operation to investigate its own staff has been delayed, the RECORD has learned reliably, until Attorney General Edward N. Sylva can check thoroughly on the methods and background of an investigator being considered for the job.

Sylva is reliably reported to have received an adverse report concerning the investigator which he intends to probe thoroughly. The commission, though it has said nothing officially, is reported to have decided to wait for a go-ahead from Sylva before proceeding further.

Joseph J. Zaslomovitch, whose name has been mentioned in the dailies as a prospect for the job, would neither confirm nor deny that he is an applicant.

He said he has heard of no such report about himself or any other detective.

The report is said to contain material regarding the handling of a marital investigation.

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# New Selling Scheme Aimed at Women

EDITORIAL

## Will Betty Farrington Shine?

Betty Farrington's key campaign issue has been, and is undoubtedly will be statehood for Hawaii.

Many people of the Territory are getting fed up with the long wait for statehood.

Her husband, the late Joseph R. Farrington, prior to his death seemed fed up too and apparently wanted a show-down. He called for statehood now or a billion dollars in tax refund. When Gov. Sam King called a special session to send a legislative statehood junket to Washington, Joe Farrington, then Hawaii's delegate to Congress, strongly opposed this move. Undoubtedly, Farrington would have preferred a petition by the territorial legislature demanding statehood or tax refund, and tax exemption from then on.

Now, Delegate Betty Farrington says she will not advocate statehood or tax refund in Congress. Her excuse is that only the lower house of the Hawaii legislature passed a resolution on this matter. The resolution was passed toward the end of the legislative session. There wasn't much time left.

What Betty Farrington is doing is giving excuses—nothing more.

If she is all-out for statehood—if she has not used and is not using the issue merely to get elected—she can show (more on page 3)

## Home Work Ad Is Gimmick To Sell Knitting Machine

Here's an advertisement that ran in the help wanted column of the Star-Bulletin Nov. 28 that you're not likely to see again: "WANTED: Housewife for pleasant parttime work at home. Good pay. No selling. Phone 628485."

The advertisement ran a number of days, and a number of women called, but it won't run any more, because some of the women also called the Better Business Bureau. After investigation, Don Billam-Walker of the BBB asked the Star-Bulletin not to accept the advertisement. So you don't see it nowadays.

Complainants also called the RECORD and when the RECORD called the BBB to ask why, Billam-Walker said it was because he felt the advertisement was misleading. His conclusion indicated he had (more on page 5)

## 'Good Deal,' Says Salesman; Claims He'll Buy Output

Carl Rogers of the United Buyers Service admits the advertisement his firm ran in the female "help wanted" section of the Star-Bulletin's classified page was refused, but he says, "I've never got around to investigating the reason why."

He says he may submit it again to be put under "business opportunities."

Informed of the Buffalo BBB report, he still says he believes he is offering a "very good deal" for housewives, and he says they don't mind buying the machine. Instead, he says most customers are "satisfied."

Rogers insisted that his firm will buy directly all the knit work customers of the machines can (more on page 5)

MIDST STARS AND BARS

## Is Akuhead's Tiff With Catholics Latest Round In Dirty Story Feud?

Is Hal Lewis (J. Akuhead Pupule), the disc jockey, trying to resume an old feud with local Catholics?

It would seem a strange attitude for an entertainer whose large salary depends on how well he's received by the populace, especially when a high proportion of that populace is Catholic. Yet now for the second time in seven years, he has drawn blasts from the Catholic Herald, a paper which makes almost a fetish of avoiding local controversy.

Today, he's in hot water with the Herald and a number of Catholics who hear his morning program because he took public issue with the labeling of certain movies by the Catholic Le-



AKUHEAD

gion of Decency as "objectionable."

Told Priests Dirty Story

Seven years ago, it was for telling a dirty story as "entertainment" at a program at Hickam Field where priests, women and children and a Catholic Youth Organization boxing team from Chicago were all present. Far from apologizing or attempting to make amends for his bad taste, Lewis, when reminded of the presence of the clergy, cracked, "They're outnumbered."

Then he was blasted by Carl Machado, Herald columnist and writer for the Star-Bulletin, in a column headed, "Hal-Lewisincinations," which was published in the Herald Jan. 15, 1948, and contained the following:

"His glib majesty, Hal Lewis, eager beaver of the airlines delivered a blow below the belt to the visiting Catholic Youth Organization party from Chicago. The residents of the Windy City found the atmosphere around—Montgomery

(more on page 5)

KNUTE ROCKNE WAS IMPRESSED

## Kauai Barefoot Football Game To Be Televised Nationally

When Knute Rockne saw Kauai barefoot football players in action years ago, it is reported that he said if his boys could play like the Garden Islanders, his team couldn't be beaten on the Mainland.

Millions of Americans will soon see this type of football with shots of the bowl games, just as it handled the Aloha Bowl shots last year.

Ebert says he was fortunate to catch the big benefit game on Kauai, conveniently played on Sunday.

Survived on Kauai  
 When CBS television office in New York wrote him to film barefoot football in action, he made inquiries locally and was surprised (more on page 6)

But barefoot football which was once considered Hawaiian as the hula has almost become extinct and CBS which wanted to televise it almost missed filming it.

Robert Ebert who filmed barefoot players in action for CBS on Kauai Nov. 20 says that he thinks CBS will use the material

## Tam's Name Dominates 8 Others In Race For Demo National Committeeman

If Frank Fasi, as anticipated, enters the coming Democratic convention race to be reelected national committeeman, he's going to get the dumping of his life, Democrats predict this week.

The entry of Maui County Chairman Eddie Tam into the race, with a formal announcement while Democratic National Chairman Paul Butler was visiting there, has knocked Fasi's chances into a cocked hat, political observers say, not that Fasi had any very strong chance, anyhow.

But there is the strong feeling in Honolulu political circles that Tam will draw strong support from the neighbor islands and will be the odds-on choice at the open-

ing of the convention.

Kauhane Expected To Announce

Far from being able to depend on Oahu, Fasi must confront the formidable Speaker Charles E. Kauhane, just returned from Japan, if local politicians have the straight information. Kauhane has not made an announcement, but sources close to the speaker say he is almost sure to do so within a few days.

Kauhane admittedly has opposition among the Democrats, especially in the fourth district. But he also has strong support on Oahu, as well as some support on the neighbor islands. And not even Kauhane's fourth district enemies (More on Page 5)

# Okinawa— Island of No Return

(Translated from Yomiuri, Aug. 30, 1955 by JAPAN LETTER, San Francisco)

Okinawa, once famous as the "Tower of Little Lilies" and now steeped in tragedy and defeat, has become an atomic base. This island is a mixture of civilization and confusion, distrust and anger, resistance and authoritarianism.

**THE OKINAWAN** people are fast losing their liberty under the administration of a foreign army. It is not an exaggeration to describe the island as a jail without bars. The greatest desire of the people is to return their island to Japan. Right now a despairing song is sung secretly, which says, "The Three Whirl sign of Shuri was changed to the Rising Sun, and now it has been replaced by the sign of the stars." The Three Whirl sign is the symbol of the resisters who were boiled to death by the feudal lords because they fought under the slogan, "Life without political freedom is not worth living." In days past Okinawa has been known as the place human rights were suppressed, and that situation has not yet changed. Okinawa is a small island with paved roads, green lawns and white buildings, where Americans live. In contrast to these buildings, the islanders are scattered all over the island in rotten-looking horse sheds. An islander said that to make way for the paved road his farm was confiscated for 2.50 yen per tsubo (6 ft. x 6 ft.). He added that 2.50 yen is not enough to buy a bottle of Coca Cola. Unbelievable as it sounds, this is the way the base was built and expanded.

There is resistance to the confiscation of land, but the United States ignores it and brings in bulldozers to break down the houses. The compensation they pay is not enough to buy a bottle of Coca Cola. Several times blood has been shed.

**TO DATE, OVER 40,000** cases of appeals over the confiscation of land have been filed, but only four have been settled. Americans give farmers stony land in return for what they take. The farmers ask the Americans what they can raise on such land. No answer is given. The people on the island do not trust even a single foreigner, including the priests. The cross on top of the "tower of Himeyuri (young lilies)" was taken down, because of this distrust of foreigners.

In despair over losing their farms, the people want to rejoin Japan. But even this movement is limited. The Americans say it is an aid to the Communist movement, so it is not desirable. So before anyone voices this appeal, he looks around. Gradually the movement is going underground. As a student said, "If we could just talk out loud like in Japan, how much better we would feel."

**THE RAISING** of the Rising Sun flag has been prohibited since New Year's day. On that day the Americans allowed them to raise it and were surprised to see that every house flew the flag. The islanders feel that they are stateless. And it seems that their greatest wish is to join Japan once more.

## Hiroshima Maidens: Treatment Difficult

Recent publicity from the East Coast says that the treatment of 25 Hiroshima girls is bringing encouraging results.

**ACCORDING TO DR. Totsuki** of Japan who watched an operation on one of the A-bomb victims, the treatment was planned by some Americans for purposes of morale, and for that is proceeding smoothly. Norman Cousins, editor of the Saturday Review of Literature, initiated the project to treat the Japanese maidens.

The newspaper Asahi as translated by Japan Letter of San Francisco says, "But from the surgical standpoint the plans are not completely adequate, mainly because

# News Hi-Lites

it was planned without prior accurate knowledge."

A hospital in Mobile, Alabama, has sent a representative to New York in negotiating to call for more atom bomb victims for treatment in the southern states.

**"HOWEVER,"** SAYS Asahi, "due to the aforementioned difficulties, it is not proceeding smoothly."

Dr. Totsuki feels that although the U.S. is outstanding in the field of plastic surgery, American doctors have almost no experience with Japanese people's skin, no experience on high intensity burns caused by the atomic bomb. The present treatment is limited to scars and not on keloids. Hands, arms and legs are to be reconstructed to make them mobile again. While Mt. Sinai Hospital says the treatment will be completed in a year, Dr. Totsuki estimates at least two years, including treatment after the operations.

Twenty-two girls of the 25 have received 25 operations and two are all through with operations. By next March 50 more operations will be performed.

Dr. Totsuki has publicly announced, according to Asahi, that it would be better for Japanese-United States friendship if this is the last time the atomic victims are sent to the U.S.

**DR. HARADA, WHO** accompanied the young women to New York, agreed with Dr. Totsuki and said if \$50,000 were collected in the U.S., the money could be used to greater advantage by the purchase of medical equipment and medical books to be sent to Japan where patients could be treated.

Quaker families are doing a terrific job in providing homes for the Hiroshima maidens between operations.

Cousins quoted what the families said, and the following is an example:

**"IF YOU ASKED** me what I expect to remember most about their visit to our home, I should say it was the laughter they brought with them and that they shared with us. We had feared we might have to make a special effort to keep things from becoming too grim or restrained in the presence of disfigured persons. But these girls have a warmth about them and a gift for laughter that created an entirely different and certainly much more welcome atmosphere than the one we anticipated."

More than the medical, the human element is important and this goes far beyond impressions the maidens made such as described above. It is good for the people of the U.S. who have not suffered from devastations of war to witness what the A-bomb has done to the Japanese victims.



**HER 3 CHILDREN KILLED IN HEATER BLAST**—Mrs. Charlotte Mitchell is assisted from her home in New York, after a kerosene heater explosion and fire killed her three children, 2, 3 and 4. The tragedy spurred new demands for legislation outlawing the heaters and requiring landlords to install central heating. (Federated Pictures)

## Japanese Competition Hits US Factories

When New York blouse manufacturers were recently ordered to pay the AFL International Ladies Garment Workers Union \$60,000 for importing blouses from Japan, the event impressed Americans that goods from Japanese sweatshops are competing with U.S. textiles.

**INFORMATION OF THE** stepped-up competition from Japanese factories came to light as facts were publicized. Last year 887,000 dozen blouses were imported to this country from Japan. This year the figure is about 3,000,000 dozen blouses.

Furthermore, last year U.S. imports of Japanese cotton goods ran to 6,000,000 yards a month. This year U.S. orders placed with Japanese mills for July and August alone came to 85,000,000 yards.

## AFL-CIO Merger Brings Together 15 Million

On picket lines, in other joint actions on rank and file level, CIO and AFL members long ago began cooperating to win benefits through labor unity.

**THIS WEEK THE** groundswell resulted in merger of the two major unions with 15,000,000 workers or one fourth of the nation's labor force.

The merger did not iron out serious problems in the ranks of organized labor. Craft-unionism of the AFL—still prevailed. Nineteen years ago when the CIO broke away from the "House of Labor," it set out to organize workers on mass scale, on an industrial basis.

**THE FLEDGLING** union charted a new course. Its movement was a reaction against AFL's dictation from the top, against red-baiting, jimcrow or racketeering.

CIO grew by leaps and bounds because of these qualities. Even today CIO leaders admit that their best organizers were Communists. Negroes who entered the industrial field were organized into the new unions. Racketeering was cleaned out.

**"THE CIO DID MUCH** to give the New Deal a base and a direction in American life," says the National Guardian, Dec. 5.

"In the cold war years it faltered, picked up the axe which AFL bosses had once used against it and cut off those unions which failed to go along with the CIO machine. It tied itself to the Truman doctrine, soft-pedaled its anti-jimcrow policy, won few members despite a glamorized leadership."

The evils which the CIO set out to combat still are part of the labor movement—craft unionism, red-baiting, jimcrow and racketeering. But the ranks are more experienced than those of the 30s, and the hope lies in them.

The transport workers and the miners, and progressive unions which were locked out of the CIO are not in the merged organization. John L. Lewis who led the CIO in the breakaway from the AFL heads the independent miners.

**AT ITS FINAL** convention last week, CIO membership cheered as Pres. Walter Reuther evoked the memory of four leaders: Philip Murray, Sidney Hillman, Allen Haywood and Van Bittner. The first CIO president, John L. Lewis, was not even mentioned.

In the final AFL convention a predominant concern of many leaders was the threat to the continuation of craft unionism. George Meany, AFL president who was chosen head of the merged union, assured those concerned that there shouldn't be any fear on the matter of jurisdiction of craft unions under the new organization.

AFL delegates cheered Pres. A. Phillip Randolph of the Bro. of Sleeping Car Porters who called for strong action against union affiliates that indulge in race discrimination.

But discrimination prevails in several AFL and some CIO affiliates. Most CIO unions seem set on cleaning out jimcrow from organized labor and this will hit the AFL harder.

## Sen. Scott: Square Deal Farm Proposal

The farm crisis is the big headache for Republicans as they face the coming presidential election. As the 1956 election approaches, U. S. agriculture will be talked about by politicians a lot more, with many putting on a good show that they are deeply concerned by the farmers' plight.

**SEN. W. KERR SCOTT** (D.-N.C.) has come up with a proposal that Secretary of Agriculture Ezra Taft Benson should look into. This proposal deserves the support of the average American who does not own a huge ranch or farm.

At Council Bluffs, Iowa, Scott proposed Nov. 29 a graduated scale of price supports that will protect the family-size farm, but will stop the process of fattening big operators that run farms like corporations.

Scott's sensible proposal was explained thus by him: "The plan I am proposing follows exactly the same principle upon which our income tax laws are based. As a person's income increases, his income taxes increase in direct proportion. Under the price support program I am advocating, the larger the farmer the less support he gets from the government. It is that simple."

**"IF WE ARE GOING** to avoid going away with the family-size farm altogether, then we have got to find ways to assure a family a decent livelihood on the farm," he declared.

"The road we are now traveling will not do that. It is only taking us to the day that the U.S. will be a country of plantations and corporation farms."

**THE AGRICULTURE DEPT.** and the press have been talking about "farmers" in general, Scott said, throwing in the small operator with the owners of giant ranches. He declared the government program today is helping "the giant commercial farmers, the big corporation operations, and the expense-account briefcase farmers who live in town and operate their farms on the side with an eye on their income tax returns."

# Avocado Price High in Summer; Local Egg, Beef Marketing Up

Local avocados command their best prices during the summer months as low marketing period comes in June and July, according to **Agricultural Outlook**, published by the university's department of agricultural economics.

The bulk of the 700,000 pounds of avocados marketed annually go to the market in the late winter and early spring months with peak supply falling in April.

A five year average (1950-54) of the wholesale price of avocados on the Honolulu market on a

monthly basis has never exceeded 12 cents nor dropped below 12.1 cents per pound, the **Outlook** says.

Avocados for the Honolulu market are shipped mostly from the outer islands.

## Coffee Harvesting

Coffee harvesting season is unusually late this year with coffee picking on makai farms going into full swing now. Harvesting is a month and a half late. Farmers will have a busy New Year which usually is celebrated from three days to a week.

The 1955-56 crop, the **Outlook** says, will be smaller than the 9,000,000 green pounds previously forecast. Present estimate is 8,850,000 pounds, which is equivalent to last year's crop.

With parchment coffee selling at 43-45 cents a pound and some being sold to the mills for 47 cents, rate paid harvesters is between \$3 and \$3.50 a sack cherry.

## Egg Supply

Shipment of eggs to Honolulu from the outer islands and the Mainland has been increasing over the past few years. Last year outer island shipment totaled over 27,000 cases.

In relation to total supply, the **Outlook** reports that Hawaii is providing about two-thirds of the eggs consumed in the islands.

Imports from the Mainland and foreign countries have increased steadily since 1950 and the 90,000 cases imported in 1954 represented an increase of 46 per cent from 1950. Imports for this year are estimated to equal or surpass last year's figure.

## Pork Imports

Frozen pork imports to Honolulu from the Mainland and foreign countries (Canada and Antipodes), averaged slightly above 5,000,000 pounds during the past four years. In 1953 when local hog producers marketed nearly 10,000,000 pounds of their products, imports from sources outside the Territory totaled only 4.4 million pounds.

## Beef Cattle

Beef cattle slaughter at Honolulu will, in all probability, be the highest this year for the period covering the past four years. Total slaughter last year was 21,196 head. This year the total is already 18,230 head for the first three quarters. Figures for 1952 and 1953 were 19,983 and 19,257, respectively.



# Will Betty Farrington Shine?

(from page 1)

her colors come January 1956 when Congress convenes. She won't have to show her colors on this tax refund matter which she declares she is opposed to. But on something else which makes a terrific difference for this Territory.

It is common knowledge that opposition to statehood comes from Dixiecrats and other racists in Congress. The Orientals in Hawaii who through democratic balloting have opportunities of winning one or more seats in Congress have the racists worried. These racists even call Americans of Oriental extraction "mongrels." They are afraid that congressional representatives from Hawaii will champion civil rights, oppose segregation and white supremacy, and thereby tip the scale on the side of human decency and justice on the racial issue.

Time after time these racists led by the Southern Dixiecrats have defeated statehood.

But these racists are not the mighty ones. Democratic-minded people can knock them over. And once there is more racial democracy in the South, and the South sends to Congress whites and Negroes as in the reconstruction days, Hawaii will have statehood.

And on this crucial issue Betty Farrington can shine, do something—if she will.

And Sam King, who wants reapportionment in the Territory to regain Republican control, can assist Betty Farrington—if he will—on a parallel issue of representation.

Yes, Hawaii's delegate can shine by taking a position openly, on the floor of Congress, before committees, in social gatherings, and before numerous influential organizations easily accessible to the Territory's delegate on the question of Southern representation in Congress.

She will not be alone and she is not being asked to be the sparkplug.

In the next session of Congress there will be a serious move to reduce the number of Southern Congressmen—to the same extent that Negroes in the South, are denied franchise. The South will lose about 30 seats in Congress.

This will be wonderful. It will put pressure on the Dixiecrats and will give encouragement to the democratic-minded Southerners. It will help to change the racist South.

Furthermore, places like Mississippi where three brutal lynch-murders of Negroes took place recently will take the biggest reduction. About 50 per cent of the two million people in Mississippi are colored. In many counties no Negro is allowed to register to vote. Violence is used to prevent Negroes from registering. In the past few months two Negroes leading the move for the right to vote were murdered.

Is the proposed move to cut Southern representation in Congress legal?

It is. What's more it is provided for in the Constitution. Adopted right after the Civil War, the 14th Amendment has never been enforced—like reapportionment in Hawaii which Sam King now wants enforced to regain GOP control of the legislature.

The 14th Amendment provides: "... when the right to vote at any election... is denied to any... inhabitants of such State... the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such... citizens shall bear to the whole number... citizens twenty-one years of age in such state."

The 15th Amendment provides: "The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude," and: "The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation."

Russ Nixon, Washington representative of United Electrical, Radio, & Machine Workers of America (Ind.) stated recently:

"This drive to clean up the South and introduce democracy there is absolutely crucial, not only to all Negroes, but to all workers. The present system in the South has been used to maintain sweat shop, open shop labor conditions and is at the base of the runaway plant problem. The Southern Congressional bloc has notoriously lined up with reactionary Northern politicians to put over anti-labor laws and stop passage of progressive legislation."

For Hawaii, this drive to democratize the South which is being led by Congressman Charles C. Diggs of Michigan, one of three Negro members of Congress, means an open fight for statehood where efforts will pay off.

Will Betty Farrington shine? Will she join in the fight with Congressman Diggs? Will she use her influence among political friends, and she said, she has plenty during her campaign, for an overall fight for democracy and statehood?

# First AJA To Serve As Mayor, Kido Found No Blocks, Only Courtesy

Sup. Mitsuyuki Kido has just finished almost four weeks of service in a capacity that, so far as anyone locally knows, sets a precedent. He is the first American of Japanese ancestry to have served, even in an acting capacity, as mayor of an American city anywhere.

What happened to him would seem to do much to dispel the idea, expressed even by some AJA's, that it is still "too early" for one of their ancestry to run for mayor.

What did happen? Nothing that wouldn't have happened to Mayor Blaisdell, or anyone else.

"I was treated with absolute courtesy on all sides," says Kido. "I got nothing but the finest cooperation."

## Had Share of Controversy

Kido had his share of controversial measures to deal with as acting mayor. One of them was the question of whether or not to pay Police Chief Dan Liu more than \$800 to defray his expenses to the convention of police chiefs on the Mainland. As acting mayor and a member of the finance committee, Kido opposed a resolution to pay the chief, just as he had opposed granting an earlier request for the funds before Chief Liu decided to pay his own way. The only supervisor to favor the recent resolution was Dr. Sam Apollona, who submitted it.

Even yet, Kido feels the daily newspapers have avoided telling the truth about motives of the board in this refusal.

"A request came from the Hawaii Visitors Bureau to pay Liu's expenses on the ground that he might be able to bring the convention of police chiefs here next year," Kido explains. "We don't think it's the function of a government official to spend time soliciting conventions, and we don't think the taxpayers' money should be spent for that."

On the other hand, Kido moved along with the board toward granting a request for the hiring of 10 extra policemen as a measure to combat what has been called a rising wave of hoodlumism.

He also presided over passage of the new controversial ordinance providing for special fees to be paid for garbage collection. Mayor Neal Blaisdell signed the bill into law Monday as one of his first acts upon his return from Japan.

## Public Appearances Too

As acting mayor, Kido made the usual number of public appearances, the most solemn perhaps being participation in Veterans' Day rites at Pacific Memorial Cemetery. Another appearance was at the Japanese Consulate, and another was to welcome visiting Japanese destroyers.

Among his interviews was one with Radioman Joe Rose in which he managed to give some picture of the city finances.

But nowhere, Kido says, did he encounter anything to make him feel there's any real reason why he, or any other AJA shouldn't occupy the office of mayor.

**AT RIGHTS PROBE—Among witnesses who testified at Senate subcommittee hearings on constitutional rights, Asst. Army Sec. Hugh M. Milton (top) promised a "serious review" after a committee accusation that the Army "entrap" draftees by telling them they need not fill out loyalty forms and then punishes them for not doing so.**

# Taximen, Others Discuss Proposal For Taxi Comm.

"We got good constructive work done with cooperation from everyone. Everyone is ready for a taxi control commission."

So said Clyde Kobayakawa, president of the UPW taximen's union, describing a meeting of parties interested in framing a new taxi ordinance, held last Friday at City Hall.

The meeting was called by C-C Attorney Norman Chung who invited, besides representatives of the union, Bob Allen of Allen's Tours, representatives of the police department, the chamber of commerce, and the general public.

Taximen and others argued that there should be a taxi control commission, appointed by the mayor, with an executive secretary and a full time staff. Permissive legislation toward such a commission was passed by the last session of the legislature.

One function of such a commission, as taximen see it, would be to limit the number of taxi operators in the city. Presently there are 923, though six months ago there were 1,250. Taximen feel, however, that despite the reduction, there are still more taxis operating than local trade warrants.

They would like to see the commission do the licensing instead of the police department. To the surprise of some, the police representative agreed with that point of view.

Although the present meeting was termed "exploratory," Attorney Chung said he expects to call another meeting before long to pursue the idea further.

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## Is Akuhead's Tiff With Catholics Latest Round In Dirty Story Feud?

(from page 1)  
Bowl, Hickam Housing, the other night definitely nauseating, when the Master of Ceremonies Lewis began purveying some samples of his barnyard humor before an estimated 1,000 people including ladies and children.

Besides displaying a lamentable lack of sensitivity to the temper of his listeners which included two members of the clergy and several prominent lay leaders, Lewis managed to miss the point when this correspondent pointed out the situation to him. With characteristic quickness on the uptake, he countered my observation that the priests were present by the 'clover' rebuttal, "They're outnumbered."

Lewis' Stuff "Blue"?  
Going ahead to analyze questionable humor—or various types of "blue material"—Akuhead has also helped some showmen defend against the criticism of Bob Krauss, "Fiser columnist, Machado quotes an authority to say a dirty joke will not offend "when the joke would be funny because of the incongruities it concerns, but the wise-crack that is nothing more than an excuse to bring up the subject of sex is a most effective instrument of damnation. Funnyman Lewis' jokes appear to fall in the latter classification."

A bit further on, Machado mentions that Hickam Field authorities were sent a written apology for the offense, which relieves them of accenting "any responsibility of being unable to foresee the actions of the unpredictable Hal."  
Machado wrote that he wasn't worried for the boxers who attend Mass daily and who have attained a spiritual grace that "can get Hal Lewis down for the count of 10 any day in the week."

Were those seven-year old barbs still ranking in Lewis' colossal ego recently when he teed off on the Catholic Legion of Decency? Did the disc-jockey think he could get by with what he boasts are "snide comments" about Catholic efforts to keep movies clean? Or does he just naturally spring to the defense of "blue material" wherever it comes up?

"Pupule" Defined  
If so, he was due for a rude surprise. The Catholic Herald was on him quickly, this time with an editorial titled "Pupule." It began this way:  
"Generally the Hawaiian word 'pupule' is translated as crazy or insane. 'Bereft of reason' is a much more accurate definition. We wonder whether those who recklessly

attack the Church for her stand on objectionable movies might not be 'bereft of reason' on the matter."

The editorial then devotes some paragraphs to explaining the dangers behind movies the church calls objectionable. The church could no more ignore the reality of such movies, says the editorial, than it could ignore the existence of sin and virtue.

At its end, the editorial reminds that pure food laws and traffic laws "restrict our freedoms," and concludes, "Lest we are all bereft of reason it is good for us to examine the whys and wherefores. Let us not all be 'pupule.'"

Not once is Hal Lewis' name mentioned, but he did not miss the point of the editorial this time. One morning this week, he argued that he has not attacked any religion or church.

But the Catholic Herald and letters from Catholics to the Advertiser, Station KGU, and the editors of both dailies make it clear he has deeply offended many.

Robert McElrath, ILWU public relations official, rounded up the story on his program last week and quoted an old saying as being applicable to the present predicament of Hal Lewis, onetime employe of McElrath as a radioman. It was:  
"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

★ ★  
YASU KOBAYASHI and Emi Manii, the team who do classical Japanese dances at the Ginza, finally made top billing in the big ad Roy Matsuoka ran this week. This column suggested recently that Yasu Kobayashi ought to be a headliner and congratulates Matsuoka on giving most of his performers a good play in the ad, even though it cost him some more dough. The copy in the ad is still the corny, uncle-torning kind made familiar by "Me. P. Y. Chong," but we still like his show better than anything else we've seen in town.

★ ★  
JOE ROSE did a job of interviewing movie producer Jack Cummings the other night that shows Rose can be a good reporter when he feels like it. Cummings is going to make "The Teahouse of the August Moon" in Japan shortly and he's signed Kyo Machiko for the female lead. Those who see Japanese movies will remember her from "Rashomon," "Gate of Hell" and other Japanese flicks shown here. Also in the cast are Marlon

## Non-White US Citizens Restricted in Travel To Certain Countries

Congress will soon look into discrimination against non-white citizens by Latin American and other countries which restrict the issuing of travel visas.

Five Latin American countries, New Zealand and the British Crown Colony of Hong Kong are known to place restrictions on visas based on race or nationality.

This discriminatory practice was brought to light by the Hokubei Shimpo of New York a few months ago. The Shimpo learned of the practice from Pan American Airways' "Blue Book of Clipper Travels."

The Blue Book says that certain Americans—"Chinese Coolies, East Indians of the coolie type and Negroes" must have a special permit to enter Honduras, even as tourists.

El Salvador requires a special entry permit from its consul before the following are issued visas: "Descendants of Chinese, Mongolians, Negroes, Malaysians, Gypsies, Arabians, Lebanese, Poles, Russians, Palestinians, Turks, Egyptians, Armenians and nationals of East Indian countries."

Nicaragua restricts entry against "All U.S. citizens of the Yellow and Black Races."

Costa Rica may issue tourist visas to the Negro and Yellow races but will not do so in the cases of visa applications by Arabs, Armenians, Hindus, Poles, Turks and coolies.

New Zealand restricts travel to A.J.A.s by the following provision: "U. S. citizens (native born) wholly of European race and those (naturalized) citizens who were formerly British subjects . . . wholly of European race are exempt for Entry Permit."

Hong Kong, a British crown colony, requires U.S. citizens of Oriental origin, stopping for two months or less, to obtain prior authorization to enter the colony, even for a 48 hour visit. U.S. citizens, not of Oriental ancestry, need not obtain prior authorization.

## Frank-ly Speaking

(from page 8)  
Ernie platter shows that such numbers can bring in lots of loot, so will they increase their profits or will they block something that could lead to a greater awareness of class conflict?

For years the big companies have turned thumbs down on Negro compositions hitting discrimination such as the Josh White album of Jim Crow Blues and the Billie Holiday "Strange Fruit." Immediately after World War II, Louis Jordan wanted to record a number about the Black and Gray in which he pointed out that since whites and Negroes had joined together to win the war, they should continue in peacetime. It was nixed by Decca as "not commercial enough." Will the surprise success of "Sixteen Tons" cause them to change their minds?

## Well, Well, Well . . .

"Today, I came upon a letter that had been on my desk for several days, waiting to be read, unfortunately the heavy rate of mail makes it difficult to give immediate attention to each letter."  
This was uttered by IMUA's radio voice John S. Arvidson. Looks like IMUA is doing better than Marilyn Monroe in getting fan mail from throughout the country and some foreign countries!

Brando, Louis Calhern and Eddie Albert.  
The big problem about staging musicals these days, says Cummings, is to find a story strong enough to hold the music together.

## Marine Cooks Books Said Hiked From \$110 To \$200, Permits Up To \$80

When the original Marine Cooks and Stewards union represented all stewards department-seamen on Pacific Coast ships, the members paid \$10 for a shipping permit and no more except for their dues. A full book, when they earned it, cost nothing extra.

But that was before Harry Lundeborg's MCS-AFL, aided and abetted by the NLRB and two other AFL unions, eased itself into the stewards department to kill the original MCS and thwart seamen who wished to join the ILWU. First the AFL charged \$110 for initiation and membership.

Today, seamen report, some new "book members" of the MCS-AFL, unknown to the oldtimers, boast that they have been able to get books for \$200 and consider themselves lucky.

One seaman reported a man with an AFL permit showed a receipt for the \$80 he paid to get that. It was itemized, said the seaman, with \$40 listed for dues and \$40 for a building fund.

Prices vary according to the port. Stories of the big money come from the west coast, but irregularities are reported in the east, as well. One seaman reported paying \$25 for a permit in New York, whereas the man before him paid only \$20.

When he asked the reason for the difference, he was told merely "Building fund."

"What can you do?" he asks. Others, however, feel there is something they can do, and those aroused by the situation include many who were frightened by the Red talk into helping wreck the original MCS.

These include John Cremona who published a number of issues of a mimeographed newspaper aboard the Lurline (see RECORD for past two weeks) exposing the many broken promises of Lundeborg and Ed Turner, his satellite at the head of the MCS-AFL. Cremona, while red-baiting Lundeborg and accusing him of totalitarian tactics, admitted that, prior to the MCS-AFL, the stewards department had the best contract in the maritime industry, with a 40 hour week.

Describes "Sellout"  
Now, he reminds his readers, the AFL signed a contract that forces a "sellout" and also charges that the election by which the membership "ratified" it had little participation from working seamen and was staged so as to have made

possible intimidation, substitution of ballots and other tricks, should anyone have cared to exercise them.

Seamen of the original MCS, now reported the targets of discrimination by the AFL officers, have little sympathy with Cremona and his supporters, though they freely admit most of the charges he makes are true.

"They are cry babies," says one, "and they asked for it. Now let them cry."

Said another, "The guys who helped break the old union are satisfied and disappointed. We are not disappointed because we knew it would be this way. We knew what Harry Lundeborg's promises were worth. We are dissatisfied, of course, but we knew what to expect. The guys who fought us before believed the promises. Now they come to us and tell us they see we were right."

## ASININE BAN

THE STRUGGLE for civil liberties has its lighter side, as illustrated by a paragraph from the ACLU report for 1954 which we quote in full.

"Cowboy" Pink Williams of Caddo, Oklahoma, sent postcards through the mail inviting people who had voted for Eisenhower to a supposed convention where a 'public kicking' would be administered to an animal which has the same name as a part of the human body. The Post Office Department ruled the cards 'filthy and indecent.' Williams contends that the Post Office ban is really a cover-up for political censorship; he also insists that postal regulations dealing with obscene matter do not apply here, and that, far worse matter has actually been carried in the mails without objection. The case is in the courts. In the meantime, Williams has been elected Lt. Governor."

HONOLULU RECORD  
Published Every Thursday  
by  
Honolulu Record Publishing Company, Ltd.  
811 Sheridan St., Honolulu 14, T.H.  
Entered as second-class matter May 10, 1949, at the Post Office at Honolulu, Hawaii, under the Act of March 3, 1879.



TO DO "LEVEL BEST"—Former Pres. Harry Truman is greeted by oil magnate Edwin Pauley on his arrival in Los Angeles. Truman told reporters he would go out and do his "level best" for the 1956 Democratic Presidential candidate. (Federated Pictures)

# Home Work Ad Is Gimmick To Sell Knitting Machine

(from page 1)

received the same type of complaints as the RECORD.

Machine For \$199.95

Here's what happened:

Calling the telephone number listed, women found themselves talking to the United Buyers Service, 1314 S. Beretania St., and often talking to one Carl Rogers. They would then discover that the first step in getting the "good pay" would be to pay a good high price for a knitting machine, specifically \$199.95.

If they bought one of the "only 20 machines left" in the islands, and did it quickly, they would get free lessons in operation of the machine. Later the lessons might cost \$5 each.

The knit garments the women could turn out on the machine, they were given to understand, would be purchased by United Buyers Service. A woman who was interviewed by one Henry Carter learned that she should be able to make \$12.50 a month to pay for her machine—since she didn't have \$199.95 lying around handy.

And the company would even arrange financing for her through the Buyers Credit Corporation.

### Some Women Suspicious

Some women, of course, have had questions. One asked where the knit garments would be marketed, since they are seldom worn in Hawaii. They would be sold on the Mainland, she was told.

Well, how come, she asked, knitting people on the Mainland wanted to send their yarn (to be sold machine-buyers at wholesale prices) clear to Hawaii to get their knitting done?

Because the people on the Mainland are interested in more business, she was told.

Some women were given application blanks to fill out, and the questions, themselves, might have been enough to "sell" them the idea if the talk hadn't. Here are a few:

"Will fifty dollars monthly satisfy you in the beginning?" ("Weekly" is typed in the questionnaire and pencilled out for the "monthly.")

"Will you accept a salaried teaching position if offered you?" The teaching would presumably be—teaching other housewives to run the machine once the original woman had learned.

### Teach For \$10 Per Hour?

"After training would you be willing to conduct beginners classes in your home if you receive ten dollars per hour?"

Another firm's name gets into the questionnaire when the applicant is asked if she's willing for "Knitting Associates" to act as her sales agent.

Also a footnote indicates the sale of knitwear may not be as direct as indicated. It says membership in "Knitting Associates" is not required for a purchase of one of the machines (at \$199.95 each), but "only where we act as your sales agent is fee required. Membership fee entitles you to sell your knitwear products through our member supported store and you receive all money for products except service charge for operating store. NEVER TO EXCEED TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT."

Sound good? Well, it sounded good in Buffalo, N.Y., too, so good that the Better Business Bureau there started looking into it and the result was a half-page article in the Buffalo Better Business Bulletin Sept. 28, 1955. It was headlined, "NEW HOME WORK SCHEME REQUIRES PURCHASE OF KNITTING MACHINE."

### Cheaper In Buffalo

Only the purchase in Buffalo didn't require any \$199.95. There the machine was \$159.50.

Otherwise, the technique was the same. An advertisement in a Buff-

# Tam's Name Dominates 8 Others In Race For Demo National Committeeman

(from page 1)

are friendly to Fasi. They may, on the other hand, see Tam as a compromise candidate.

Among Oahu Democrats, however, there is a strong feeling that the national committeeman should be available to Honolulu at all times because the Territory's capital city is the spot where most questions of national scope, and of patronage, usually arise first.

### Several Other Names

If they desire to vote for still another candidate, they will have plenty of choices from among the names now being bruited about. Whether or not many, or any of these names are actually put up in the convention is another matter.

Thus far mentioned as additional possibilities are the following: Oren E. Long, Tucker Gratz, Dr. Ernest Mural, Gregg Sinclair, Earl Finch.

One knowledgeable Democrat ran down the list giving his opinion of the individual chances of each as follows:

Long—not enough support from neighbor islands, or from labor's precincts on Oahu.

Gratz—not wide enough following even on Oahu.

Mural—probably won't make the race; lacks broad support.

Sinclair—main support at the university—if there.

Finch—not broad enough following, not sufficiently known on neighbor islands.

Fasi—in for a dumping; probably has less actual chance than most of the above.

Kauhane—better chance than any of the above, but has vigorous opposition on Maui and in fourth district of Oahu.

Tam—best chance of the present field; in excellent position to capitalize on friction among Oahu Democrats and to gain solid support of neighbor islands. Supporters showed considerable political sagacity by announcing first, while Butler was on Maui. Announcement may look as though inspired or suggested by Butler and terri-

ally paper in the female help wanted column ran as follows: "Women who would like to work spare time at home, we have a tremendous backlog of unfilled orders for handknitted garments; easy work, very good pay; knitting experience helpful but not necessary."

If you think that means you're going to get a paid knitting job in your own home, says the Buffalo BBB, you're mistaken. If you think the advertiser has a guaranteed market, you're mistaken again. The article explains as follows:

"You would find that when responding to these ads, it was necessary to purchase a \$159.50 automatic knitting machine plus your own yarn."

And as for the market, "Instead, your garments would be taken on a consignment basis and you would receive payment for them only if and when they are actually sold."

The BBB in Buffalo told the newspapers what was behind the advertisement and, like the Star-Bulletin here, those papers ceased accepting the advertisements.

Interesting what may lie behind a three line want-ad, isn't it?

Police Testing Station No. 37  
General Auto Repairing  
**J. K. Wong Garage**  
85 N. KUKUI STREET  
Phone 57168



**OPERATION CAVITY' IN ARCTIC**—An Eskimo mother holds her daughter as Public Health Service dentist checks her teeth. The Coast Guard cutter Klamath is completing a 4-month cruise on the Bering Sea patrol, carrying dental and medical services to the population of remote Arctic villages. (Federated Pictures)

# Housing

(from page 1)

now not under rent control, are reported raising their rents by as much as 33 per cent. He gave price examples that seemed to confirm Sen. Thyne's charge that Honolulu landlords are gouging.

Edward J. Burns, administrator of the Honolulu Redevelopment Agency, which has studied many phases of Honolulu's housing problems, said, "I can agree wholeheartedly with the senator on the shortage of housing—on a broader base than merely military personnel and dependents. Local people are very much affected, too."

An unusual complication this year, Burns points out, is the unusual imbalance of population flow. Not since World War II has there been any great change in the trend of the islands to lose more population than comes in from the Mainland, or the Orient. This year, however, Territorial health department figures show 10,000 more have come into Hawaii than have left.

Although there's no quick way of telling, the HRA believes most of these are the families of military personnel, especially the 25th Division of the army, now stationed here.

### Many Units Out of Service

The problem for military families is further complicated by the demolition or conversion to other use of 1,000 housing units by the armed forces, action which made the construction of 2,600 new units by the armed forces less effective in solving the military housing problem.

A serious problem confronting the HRA as a result of the housing shortage is the need of that agency to find places where it can relocate families from blighted areas in Honolulu's slum housing. These are the areas the HRA will redevelop into medium-cost modern housing areas, but it must find locations for the families living in the areas at present before it can move.

But both Burns and Soares agree that new construction of rental units, either houses or apartments, is almost never in the low rental range.

When "private enterprise" builds rental housing, apparently, it builds with an eye on possible profits rather than on providing facilities for low income families.

Rent control and HRA figures from studies last year indicate that, at that time, there were two per cent vacancies in units renting from \$31 to \$50 a month as compared with seven per cent vacancies in housing renting for more than \$70 a month.

Since then, of course, vacancies have become much scarcer, though the proportion is considered generally the same.

# 'Good Deal,' Says Salesman; Claims He'll Buy Output

(from page 1)

produce, "at least for the first months."

The application blank referred to in the next column, Rogers said, is an old one, and may be misleading in that it indicates the knit garments would be sold by consignment—as was the case at Buffalo.

"We're having new ones printed up," he said.

Rogers further claims he has 100 more machines on order and a shipment of yarn.

Although the business had been operating only two weeks, Rogers said, "We're doing well and expect to be in business for a long time."

Despite the withdrawal of the advertisement, the telephone at the Beretania St. establishment is busy almost continually.

"When the ad was in the paper," says Rogers, "the phone rang all day long."

# UH Student Budget

The budget for student activities and services at the University of Hawaii is more than \$121,000. The treasurer who is in charge of finances is Howard Shlroma of Maui, a senior majoring in economics.

★ ★

Air passenger traffic in 1950 was 379,103 in the Territory. The figure for fiscal 1955 was 520,020.

torial officials, whether or not such was case. Now anyone else who announces does so in opposition to Tam. Tam announced opposing no one except maybe Fasi.

# Gallas' Speedup, Efficiency Program at Gray Line Criticized

Gray Line Hawaii employees are dissatisfied, according to reliable reports, but talk of a possible strike action was reported not in the cards.

Edward C. Gallas, general manager of the company, says that the company follows the newly negotiated contract but David A. Naumu, Teamsters union official says that Gray Line employees at their meeting Tuesday night felt strongly that the company was not following the contract. He said however, that he feels everything will work out smoothly.

Meantime, Gallas is working on an efficiency program to speed up operations in an overall assignment to reorganize the company.

The reduction of employees and speeding of operations are reported to be the basis of employe grievances.

Naumu said that it is reported Gallas will be resigning and that company officials try to answer employe complaints about Gallas' work by saying that he is resigning.

Gallas in a telephone interview told the RECORD that he has a management contract and his work with Gray Line is not a permanent arrangement.

"Part of my work is to find a new manager," he said.

His work is to set up the new management and he said he will leave Gray Line when he is satisfied with the reorganizational work.

He said that his assignment is like that he handled on Maui when he reorganized the hospital system. He ran three hospitals as general superintendent while carrying on the reorganizational work.

Some employees are criticizing Gallas for what they term discharging of Daniel Meheula, a supervisor.

Meheula, when contacted by the RECORD, said he resigned for personal reasons.

Naumu said that Meheula was promoted to supervisor from the ranks and he is trying to get him back to his former job. He felt this arrangement could be arranged with the company.

Gallas' comment on this was, "That's all very nice." But he said that Meheula was a supervisor, and on the management's staff, and handling of his case is a "prerogative of management."

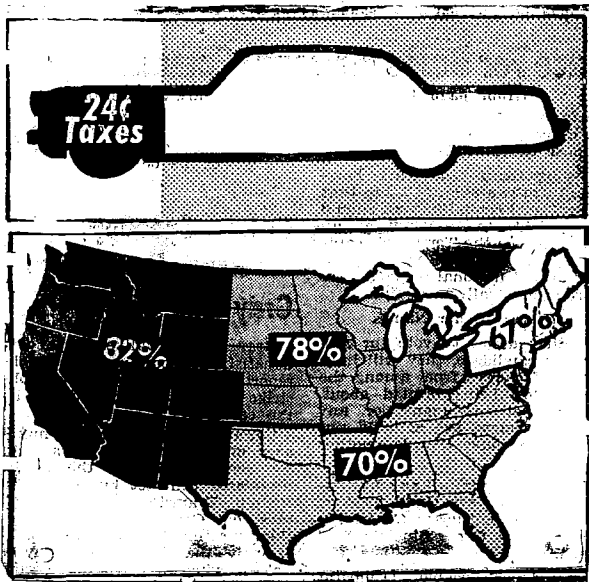
# CHRISTMAS

- CARDS
- TOYS
- GIFTS
- ORNAMENTS
- WRAPPERS

**Office Appliance Co., Ltd.**

KING & BETHEL

Open nightly till Xmas



**AUTO FACTS AND FIGURES**—Every dollar you pay for a new car averages 24 cents in taxes (top drawing), according to Automobile Manufacturing Assn. Percentage of families owning their own cars is highest in the western states, as shown in map. Twelve per cent of all owners have more than one car. (Federated Pictures)

## Kauai Barefoot Football Game To Be Televised Nationally

(from page 1)

to learn that there was none being played in organized leagues.

He wrote back, saying that the oldtime variety of barefoot football is gone and that only the sandlot type exists.

CBS wrote back for him to shoot the sandlot football.

Meantime, Ebert learned that barefoot football is still played in the islands, having survived on the oldest island, Kauai.

He went there with his camera on a Sunday when the Mahelona Hospital Patients' Fund game was being played. This is an annual game of the Kauai 135 pound barefoot football league. During the past three years, not including this year's income, the benefit games brought in \$1,200 to the fund.

**Good Cooperation**

The game which Ebert filmed Nov. 20 was a "good one," according to him. Weather was good for shooting with camera. He says he received cooperation from Garden Islanders and plenty of expert assistance on the barefoot football phase.

CBS was excited by the motion pictures he sent in, Ebert said this week.

"I had to shoot some slow motion stuff," he said.

**Photographed Kicking**

He photographed players kicking the ball barefoot, which is what Mainlanders like to see. One player kicked the ball 60 yards and observers said that others have kicked the ball a lot farther, even up to 100 yards, probably counting the roll.

Also for CBS television show, Ebert photographed players kicking the ball three different ways, including kicking the ball with the ball of the foot with toes curled back.

Ebert says the assistance Garden Islanders gave him made it possible for him to do a good job. Taku Akama, a former barefoot football player, filled him in with background information. Akama was Ebert's assistant during the filming of the game.

Gene Layosa and Mac Kawamura assisted Ebert also.

Ebert photographed oldtimers who played in the old days when barefoot football was the mass sport in the islands during the fall and winter. He had to get

some of them off their jobs to film them.

Talking to these oldtimers, Ebert learned that in the old days players used fewer protections, and many didn't use them at all. Leagues were organized in various weights. But in the days when protective equipment was not used, players suffered fewer injuries, the oldtimers observed.

They recalled the days when they wore sailor hats with rims turned down to protect their ears.

They played fast games and hit hard and this type of playing impressed Rockne.

Barefoot players had a lot of original ideas and plays they worked out were used on the Mainland.

## Election of ILWU Golf Club Officers Sunday After Dec. Tournament

The Oahu ILWU Athletic Assn. Golf Club will play its December ace tournament this Sunday at the Lanikai course, starting at 7:30 a.m. A luncheon will follow the tourney. Officers and committeemen for 1956 will be elected.

## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

- CLEANERS**
- SUPER CLEANERS—Expert dry cleaning; pickup, deliv. Ph. 968305
- FLORIST**
- MAKIKI-McCULLY FLORIST  
841 McCully St.  
Ph. 9-5128
- HOUSE PAINTING**
- PAINTING, SERVICE & TERMITE CONTROL—Specialists in residence & apt. Free consultation & estimate. Jerry Morita Ph. 53091

## 20 Teams to Enter 1955-56 ILWU Bowling Leagues, Start Dec. 11

The Oahu ILWU Athletic Assn. 1955-56 bowling league session will get underway on Sunday, December 11, on two fronts.

The league will sponsor two sections for the time. The 775 league will play its games at Bowling City. The 825 league games will be bowled at the Stadium Bowl-O-Drome.

Teams entered in the 775 league are: Longshorem (3 teams), Universal Motors, Waipahu (3 teams), Hawaiian Pine, Libby's and American Can. The 825 league is composed of the following teams: Longshorem (3 teams), Waipahu, Hawaiian Pine, Wharf Clerks, Lott's Bakery, Ewa, Libby's and American Can.

Two rounds will be played according to League Manager Eddie Chang.

## Kalikimaka Bowl Will See Midget Players in Action

Midget football players who played their first organized league games this season will play in the Kalikimaka Bowl Dec. 24, 2 p.m. at the Honolulu Stadium.

Proceeds will go toward paying for equipment which outfitted six teams with 25 members per team. It is estimated that it cost \$30 to equip a player. Boys 10-13 played in the Hawaii Pop Warner Football Conference games.

The Kalikimaka Bowl is tentatively scheduled to have one full game and two half games.

Entertainment will be provided by the St. Elizabeth Drum and Bugle Corps and the Palama Settlement children's band.

This Saturday, Kailua which won the championship will play Moiliili at Kailua.

Next year the conference hopes to have additional teams. Tommy Kaulukukui is regional director of the Hawaii Pop Warner Football Conference.

## Mao Would Visit U.S. If Invited Says Hamano

Chairman Mao Tse-tung of the Chinese People's Republic expressed his willingness to visit the U.S. if the U.S. government invites him, Heigo Hamano, member of the Japanese Diet, said after touring China for three weeks. He was accompanied by 23 other Japanese parliamentarians, all members of the governing Democratic Party.

## Intermarriage Now Legal In N. Dakota

North Dakota recently repealed its law against intermarriage of whites and Negroes, dating from 1909. The repealed law carried a penalty of up to 10 years in prison and/or fine of \$2,000 for those who married and of not more than two years and/or fine of \$2,000 for the person performing the ceremony.

Since the California law against intermarriage was voided by a state supreme court decision in 1948, there are now 28 states still prohibiting marriage between whites and Negroes, and often other races as well.

## Sports World

By Wilfred Oka

### SPORTS TIDBITS FROM HERE AND THERE

"Blinky" Palermo, one of the front men for the "syndicate," is on the carpet again. In New York the February championship fight for the welterweight title, between champion Carmen Basilio and Johnny Saxton, the challenger, who has been in a number of stinkeroos, especially the one in Philadelphia, has been banned by the NY State Commission because Palermo has no New York license and is not officially acceptable to the commission. Blinky manages John Saxton who suddenly is getting some sort of rejuvenation after his dismal showing against Basilio. Because of this present status of Palermo the fight is expected to be promoted in a friendlier location. The site chosen by the "syndicate" is Chicago where no particular investigation is going on.

In Philadelphia "Blinky" is also featured in a volunteer investigation of the Coley Wallace-Bob Baker fight which Baker won. Since Palermo is Wallace's manager and there is talk again that Wallace was drugged prior to the Baker fight, Palermo through his lawyer is requesting this boxing hearing to clear his good name.

In New York Julius Helfand, the chairman of the athletic commission, wasn't too kind to Palermo when he banned the Saxton-Basilio bout. In substance he said that "allow the fight is a subterfuge. If Saxton fought in this state Saxton would have to cut in his manager and to do that would be to support gangsterism in boxing. We will not keep the fight in New York state at the price of compromising our principles."

**GOVERNOR MARVIN GRIFFIN** of Georgia who demanded that the Georgia Tech Board of Regents effect a rule to stop the game between U. of Pittsburgh and Georgia Tech, because Pitt has a Negro player on the team, has been meeting surprisingly stiff opposition from a number of sources. In the first place team members of Georgia Tech voted to play Pitt in spite of the fact that they knew Bobby Grier, a Negro fullback, was to play on the Pitt team. The student body at Tech is also overwhelmingly in favor of playing the game and as a result Griffin has been burned in effigy by students protesting his segregation usage.

Governor Griffin took this direct action because of the present burning question of segregation and the pressure of various influential groups closely linked to white supremacy. However, students at Georgia Tech are showing their elders and "correct" people who believe in maintaining status quo that they can teach their elders a thing or two in the field of race relations. Meanwhile the big game will go on in spite of the strong protests of bigots. But the future of Georgia Tech and other state colleges has been dealt a blow from which they will take years and years to recover, when the state board of regents passed a ruling that in the future Georgia Tech or any state college will not be allowed to schedule any games with any integrated team. This is to say that there will be enforcement of segregation on the field as well as in the stands. The hope is in the fresh minds of the students who will not continue to tolerate such intolerance.

**THE EWA BOXING CLUB** will again be host to local amateur boxers when they put on their smoker this Friday night, December 9, at the Tenney Gym. There will be 12 bouts with the first bout going on at 8 p.m. A number of Ewa boys will be showing on the card. The main event shows Junior Tanjian against David Maeda of the Kaimuki Eagles.

**SUPPORTERS OF WILLIE MOSCONI** got a big bang this week when the old master regained the pocket billiards championship from Irving Crane in Philadelphia. Mosconi defeated the champ by a score of 1,500 to 876 in a week-long match. As soon as Mosconi won the pocket billiards title he issued a challenge to Harold Wastor of Grand Rapids, Michigan, for the three-cushion title. The master may have a tough time at this one.

**AS WE PREDICTED** last week Wes Santee of Kansas who was suspended by the Missouri Valley Assn. of the AAU was put back on the eligible list by the National AAU group which met last week at a convention at Louisville, Kentucky. No protest on his reinstatement was filed before deadline. Willie Santee is eligible in the US up to Olympic time, Santee's case is subject to protest by other countries that are members of the International Athletic Assn.

**TOMMY KONO DID NOT** make the select group of nine nominees for the Sullivan Award this week at the meeting of the National AAU. This comes as a complete surprise to the thousands of his friends who have been pulling for the likeable Nisei lifter.

**BILL PRATER OF THE Army** won the Waikiki five-mile run over the veteran Norman Tamanaha who came in second. Prater is a former runner for East Stroudsburg State Teachers College in Pennsylvania. In beating Tamanaha, Prater ran the 5.2 mile route in 27 min. 10.6 seconds to erase Tamanaha's record of 27:17.

On January 3 the 10-mile championship goes on from Portlock Road to Waikiki with Tamanaha and Prater meeting again in a grueling duel.

**THE DRAG RACES WERE** held over last weekend at Kahuku with Bobby Lee winning the 1955 championship with a speed of 108.43 miles per hour. In the time trials Jimmy Sugiyama did 112.5 miles per hour. Reports say that about 4,000 interested fans were out for the races. The promoters are overlooking a good thing!

**THE WAIALUA BULLDOGS** won the Rural Oahu Interscholastic championship when they beat Castle High by a score of 20-7. Coach Toshi Nakasone of Waialua has had excellent success in turning out championship teams. As has been suggested by a great number of fans the winner of the rural title should play off with the city champion and therein is a big potential game.

**DICK GOLDSTEIN, IMPORTED** by Ichinose and Yempuku and others for a bout with Stan Harrington, has been making a hit on the lecture circuit, what with his retelling of his experiences as a war refugee and a fighter in Korea with the US Army. He claims anywhere from 66 to 75 pro-fights in his career with a loss record of only 8. Of course Harrington is not a lecture audience!

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# Gadabout

**STANLEY WATANABE** beat Katsugo Miho for the presidency of the 442nd Club, but not by as large a margin as a good many members expected. Watanabe won by only 15 votes, whereas predictions had been he would take the election by 2-1. It appears that those who are active in the club may have voted for Watanabe in about that proportion. But those who are not so very active, to whom ballots were mailed, voted heavily for Miho, almost balancing the vote.

**BOB KRAUSS** makes a fine plea to readers to send materials and tools out to the men of Oahu Prison who busy themselves at this period of the year repairing broken toys for children and making new ones out of pieces of old ones—all to be distributed on Christmas through the Council of Social Agencies. Can't help chuckling, though, at his list of needed tools—"old saws (no matter if they're rusty, they can be cleaned and sharpened), screw drivers, chisels, planes, hammers: Any power tools." The days of hacksaw blades in cakes have passed apparently. But all kidding aside, it's a wonderful project for both inmates and kids and, as Krauss advises, you should take anything you can spare, either in the toy or tool category, out to the prison where they can put it to excellent use.

**SANTA CLAUS** went through parts of Kailua last week like an express train and, although kicks were registered in the daily papers, the talk was going on a couple-of-days-even-*after* that. One mother told us this way:

"You see the parents all down Gulick Avenue bring their children up to School St. and they wait for a long time to see Santa Claus. Then, when he came, he went through real fast. I believe he only threw two handfuls of candy, one on each corner. There were plenty of kids crying."

**IF FRANK FASI'S** going to needle Dr. Sam Apollonia into suing him for libel, he may as well stop trying. Couldn't tell how we know, but the job is done. The only question now remaining is—when will Doc file?

**MAYBE IT WAS** a reverse reflection of what's going on in Georgia now, but Saturday night Bethel St. was treated to the sight of a big Dixiecrat getting his lumps from a small Negro, and Bethel St. nodded approvingly. Probably the two were servicemen out of uniform, but you couldn't be sure. Anyhow, the Dixiecrat, with no provocation whatever, hailed the small Negro as a "damned n—r!" The Negro hesitated. Maybe bystanders read too much into his attitude. Talking later, they felt he was wondering just how he would fare in this town—would it be like Mississippi, or Chicago, or what? He didn't have long to wait.

"Take him, man!" sang out a young fellow by the curb.

The small Negro needed no more encouragement. He sailed into the big hoolie, witnesses say, with both fists and both feet and in a moment, the Dixiecrat was prone and hors de combat. The small Negro had all the luck for, despite the crowd, nary a cop showed up and he was off down the street.

Another serviceman happening along helped the big Dixiecrat to his feet and by that time he had recovered enough of the ments from which he had been knocked non compos to mumble a few words. They were, "You can't lick the whole bunch." No one had engaged him, of

course, except the one small Negro. But it only goes to show how far a little moral support will go sometimes.

**FRANK FASI**, with a broadcast apparently slanted carefully for the ears of National Democratic Chairman Paul Butler, blasted Gov. King and the other GOP one story about Communists in Hawaii at Washington and another back home—a about "Communist domination" of the Democratic Party. It was pretty funny, of course, because Fasi couldn't accuse a single Republican of anything he hadn't done, himself, when he was hatching Democrats whose ascendancy he feared might imperil his own. But with Butler in town, Fasi talked like a nice little boy, even giving some time to GOP giveaway on the national scene. Every time some prominent Democrat comes to Hawaii, Fasi makes like a true champion of the party on his program. But only Fasi knows which Democrat—Acting Mayor Mitsuyuki Kido, Territorial Chairman Jack Burns, Sup. Matsuo Takabuki, or who—will be the target for the Narcissus of Hawaii politics the next week. Probably Fasi doesn't even know himself.

**ONE OF THE** fire chiefs will be retiring shortly, according to reports among firemen. This makes firemen recall that when former Fire Chief Bill Blaisdel stepped out, there were his assistants, Edward Boyle and Harold A. Smith ready to succeed him. The boys in the department wanted Boyle but Smith became chief.

Boyle and Smith never got along and firemen recall that they made a scene at the site of fire by giving counteracting orders which confused firemen. A good example was a fire at McCully when they swore at each other, an oldtime recalls.

**WHEN FIRE CHIEF SMITH** retires one of these days, will some of his supporters in the department make the rounds for donations to present him with a gift? That's a \$64 question in the fire department. When former fire chief Bill Blaisdel retired, some of the boys went around for donations and it is said for \$10 a crack or more. Blaisdel is said to have gotten a Plymouth.

Boyle, when he retired, received a gold badge studded with diamonds from the boys. Today there is a revolving fund and retiring firemen are given gold badges without diamonds bought from this fund. Firemen say this is an improvement over the old system of favoring some and not honoring all retiring firemen.

**A RUCKUS AT THE EDGE-WATER** one night this week proved, if anything, that tourists are base about violence if it doesn't involve them. A couple of local boys started a battle on the hotel steps, fought on into the lobby with all the action of a B-class western and were finally parted by an older man, a retired fireman, who wanted to see a bit of peace and quiet. The tourists watched with interest throughout. No men yelled for the cops and no women faint or screamed. In fact, they seemed a bit sorry when it stopped. The two sat talking to the peacemaker out in front for a bit and then, according to what we heard later, one of the combatants took a swing at him. It's one of the perils of trying to stop a fight.

## Less Job Placements In Building Industry By Employment Service

The Territorial Employment Service made 914 less placements in the building and construction industry during fiscal year 1955 than the preceding fiscal period, or a reduction of 25.7 per cent, according to T.H. labor department.

This decline was reflected in apprenticeship training. The number of registered apprentices declined 17 per cent as of July 1, 1955. Eighty-four per cent of this loss occurred in the building and construction industry.

Overall employment in the Territory averaged 186,440, as compared with 185,740 in 1954. The 1955 figure represents the highest in any post-war year. Unemployment decreased this year by 2 per cent, the labor department reported in its annual report.

The number of jobless for fiscal year 1955 averaged 10,860 as compared with 11,040 in 1954.

About 700 workers were hired when the 247-room Biltmore, 300-room mPrincess Kaiulani and several other smaller hotels were opened this year.

Higher prices are in prospect for such items as lumber, heating fuel, many paper and paperboard items, hides and leather, textiles and articles made of metal, according to Washington confidential news services.

## Political Deportation Hits Older People Used to Shackle Minds

Who are the "subversives" whom the Justice Dept. is deporting or seeks to deport under the McCarran-Walter Act and earlier legislation?

Few are young, vigorous, active in the Communist Party or any other radical movement, according to a study made for the Lawyers Guild Review in 1954. Most are elderly people with roots deep in this country, with American children or even grandchildren, and their political activity is long in the past.

Out of 193 political deportees in the years 1944-52, 80 per cent had passed the age of 46. More than one-third were over 56 years old. At least 21 were grandparents of American citizens.

Nearly two-thirds (63 per cent) had lived in America over 31 years, and 18 per cent for 41 years or more. All but 4 per cent had lived here for more than 21 years.

The majority were arrested years after they had ceased political activity. Of those where information was available, 51 were charged with past membership in the American C.P. and 5 with membership before entry; only 16 with present membership or affiliation.

In the case of *Lava v. Nioula*.

"The Oklahoma Oath Statute is but one manifestation of a national network of laws aimed at coercing and controlling the minds of men. Test oaths are notorious tools of tyranny. When used to shackle the minds they are, or at least they should be, unspeakably odious to a free people. Test oaths are made still more dangerous when combined with bills of attainder which, like this Oklahoma Statute impose pains and penalties for past lawful associations and utterances."—Justice Hugo Black, concurring opinion in 9-0 decision (12-12-1950) that Oklahoma loyalty oath was unconstitutional.

A Circuit Court of Appeals decided in 1953 that Lava should be deported under the McCarran Act of 1950. Lava had come to America at the age of 13, married and raised a family, enjoyed a good reputation and had never been arrested.

He had joined the Communist Party for about four months around 1934 or 1935, understanding that its purpose was to help in organizing unions.

Publicity on this case was so unfavorable that two days after the decision the Attorney General canceled the deportation order. Nonetheless the court decision still holds as law.

# THROUGH A WOMAN'S EYES Dream House for a Little Girl

Every little girl, at some time in her life, should have a doll house. There is something infinitely charming about the miniature. Most grown-ups are still susceptible to it. Men have made livings by fashioning tiny scale models of boats, animals, figures or most anything!

**BUT THERE IS A** good and bad way to give a child a doll house. You can buy an enameled steel house with pictures, wall trimming, windows and curtains painted on, complete with perfectly formed plastic furniture and a set of doll people. You probably arrange the furniture, too, when you set it under the tree. Honestly, now, what is left for the child to do?

If you know a little girl, anywhere between four and eight years old, you can thrill her by making a box full of doll-house furniture for her this Christmas. A house can be made quite easily out of a sturdy cardboard carton stood on end. A piece of cardboard from another box pushed firmly against the sides makes the second floor. Cut out windows with a knife or razor blade. If you like, paint it when you are finished. But this is not important. It's the inside that matters.

Here is where your older children come in. Assemble on your work table all the things you can use—small boxes, purse mirrors, shelf-edging, match boxes, thumb tacks, thimbles, spools, scraps of cloth and glue. The children will think of many more as they work.

**THE INTERIOR WALLS** can be painted or papered with small patterned gift-wrapping paper. Curtains can be hung on a string and tacked or glued to the top of the window. Floors can be almost anything. You can cut a piece of cardboard for the bathroom floor and cover with colored thumbtacks (tiling). The kitchen

floor can be a scrap of linoleum. Tables can be made of spools and cardboard. Buttons for wall decorations. Chandelier—a cheap pearl earring. The stove—a vaseline jar box painted white with burners inked on the top. A top from a toothpaste tube is a pot. Cabinets, refrigerator, sink—paper clip boxes, large-size match boxes, painted white. Flowerpots—tiny artificial flowers set in putty, wrapped with foil. Buttons are dishes, too tiny perfect shells from the beach. Wastebasket—a thimble.

**DO YOU GET THE IDEA?** Bookcases are medium-sized match boxes glued one on top of each other, painted and books painted on the front. A sofa can be made of match boxes taped together, then padded with cotton and covered with fabric. For a television set, cut cardboard to size, paste picture from magazine on "screen," use tiny gold gutter pins as dials, paint. A standing lamp is made from a pipe cleaner and a paper cupcake cup. Pictures are framed with matchsticks painted brown. For a bed, tape two thumbtack boards together and set on four spools. The dressing table mirror over it is cardboard, scored with a knife, folded into position and covered with foil.

**THE ONLY PIECES** to buy are the plastic bathroom pieces.

The more you work on it, the more inventive you will become. One word of caution, though—an hour or so of this tiny work is enough. Stop before the children grow restless.

And however much you may be tempted to arrange everything just so—don't. The little girl will be far happier if you just give her the box with carefully wrapped furniture and let her have the fun of placing them herself. Was there ever a woman who didn't prefer to arrange her own furniture?

**U.S.A. GROWS**

Americans have a lot to learn about each other. Excepting for the native Indians, they came from many lands or are descendants of people who came from many lands. Their cultural backgrounds differ and brought together they form a rich cultural heritage.

A positive approach to creating friendship among the various people was undertaken by three publishing houses recently. They brought out three children's books, each dealing with Japanese children or youngsters who are of Japanese descent. All books were illustrated by Nisei artists.

This is a tremendous progress from the days not long ago when Nisei were called "Japs" and their facial features stereotyped with buck teeth and horn-rimmed glasses.

One of the books is "Tami's New House," by Hester Hawkes, published by Coward-McCann and illustrated by Betty Matsumoto.

Another is "Roy Sato: New Neighbor," by Vanya Oakes, published by Julian Messner and illustrated by Isami Kashiwagi.

The third is "Emily San," by Barbara Leonard Reynolds, published by Charles Scribner's Sons and illustrated by Tack Shigaki.

Publication of such books is a tremendous step ahead in race relations in the U. S. There should be more books of this type on all people with varying ancestries.

**SMITH ACT JUSTICE?**

About this time two years ago government prosecutors in the Hawaii Smith Act trial put on the stand Daisy Van Dorn and played her up as a grandmother who had to get her testimony over with in a hurry to rush back to California to spend the holidays with her grandchildren.

All this buildup turned sour when she lied under oath and the government prosecutors had to admit this fact. No action was taken against her either by the Department of Justice represented by the U.S. attorney's office here or by the court. Probably the Federal grand jury which comes under the court should have charged "Bloody" Daisy with perjury. In her testimony her imagination ran wild and she had the streets of San Francisco flowing with blood.

In contrast to the courteous treatment of this perjurer, in San Francisco recently a Federal grand jury charged Edward F. Wilson, a defense witness for Hugh Bryson, on three perjury counts. Wilson is accused of lying when he denied having made previous accusations against the former leader of the defunct National Union of Marine Cooks and Stewards of the FBI. Here it's Wilson's word against that of the FBI which is out to get Bryson.

The case of Daisy Van Dorn was clear-cut. Even the representative of the Justice Dept. admitted she perjured herself.

Is this another example of Smith Act justice?



"You're a threat to the American way of life!"

**THAT GENEVA SPIRIT**

We shared in the world-wide surge of hope that followed the Geneva meeting of the chiefs of state. We did not share in the rosy dream that the Russians had been converted to a new way of life by Pres. Eisenhower's charm. Therefore we are not especially surprised by the various deadlocks and disagreements among the foreign ministers. What actually happened at the first Geneva meeting?—Only an admission by both sides that atomic war must not take place. This was vitally important to the world's survival but it solved none of the world's problems. Let's remember that the Russians' position is logical from the Russian point of view. The communists are still communists; they want to spread communism just as fervently as we want to spread democracy. They fear us just as we fear them. They simply don't think they are wrong; it was foolish to expect them to confess that the west has been right all along. What is needed, it seems to us, is some hard thinking about ways to avoid friction until a workable disarmament program is adopted. This doesn't mean "giving in" to the Russians; neither does it mean clinging blindly to old proposals just because we once made them. And Secretary Dulles' injured plaints about Russia's stubbornness contribute nothing at all. If we were President we'd tell our diplomats something like this: "The world is teetering on the brink of peace. Let's take the plunge; it may be our last chance."—Textile Labor.

**DON'T WAIT FOR '56**

It has now been generally accepted by all political observers that Pres. Eisenhower's unfortunate illness has effectively removed his name from the list of possible contenders in the 1956 race for the nation's highest office. All previous political bets are off therefore, and labor cannot afford to play the spectator's role while a totally new political situation is in its formative period. This is the moment for grass roots America to make itself felt before the professional politicians glue together a new collection of deals and alignments of their own making, thus presenting the voter with the dubious privilege of voting for somebody else's choice. Nor is the present fluid situation confined to the question of presidential candidates alone. The shaping of policy and platform on such crucial questions as international relations, farm prices, labor and social legislation, is still in the making. The public outcry over the Till case in Mississippi has raised the question of federal civil rights legislation with unparalleled sharpness. Now is the time for the people to speak up to the politicians and do it loudly and firmly, for now is the time they are most willing to listen. It would seem a matter of elementary good sense for union people to begin at once to look the field over with an eye toward making their preferences felt clearly in the 1956 conventions.—Packinghouse Worker

**Frank-ly Speaking**

By FRANK MARSHALL DAVIS

**"Sixteen Tons"**

What I shall remember most about 1955, musically speaking, is the wide public acceptance given the phonograph platter of "Sixteen Tons" as sung by Tennessee Ernie Ford. This is, so far as I know, the first instance in which a thoroughly class conscious record has become a national hit.

It is so graphically conscious of the struggles of the working class that a certain well known local disc jockey refused to use "Sixteen Tons" when it was first sent to him. "That's just plain Communist propaganda, and I won't play it," he snarled to a listener who requested the number.

The listener waited. When "Sixteen Tons" made the National Hit Parade and drew a write-up in Newsweek Magazine, he called the disc jockey again. The latter conceded he would have to air it on his program. First time he actually did play it, the listener telephoned once more and chortled gleefully, "Why, you're nothing but a Red propagandist! The very idea, playing 'Sixteen Tons' over the radio!"

Frankly, I am surprised that a major recording company would pass and release the number. Did somebody goof? Or did the executives believe that in an era of relative prosperity, working people would tend to view "Sixteen Tons" as describing a situation that no longer existed and thus would judge it mainly on its musical value? Or did they expect it to be buried in the usual folk music pile which has only a limited audience?

**Millions Welcome Realism**

I do not pretend to know the answer. But the fact that it clicked and became a hit, although violating the usual moon-June escape formula, indicates that millions of Americans welcome realism. And let no one get the idea that the song speaks of a way of life now past, for there are still tens of thousands of working people who can join in with Tennessee Ernie and sing from daily experience:

"You load 16 tons and what do you get?  
Another day older and deeper in debt;  
Don't you call me St. Peter 'cause I can't go  
I owe my soul to the company sto."

Composer of this bitterly ironic song is Merle Travis, himself a country and western recording star who also has his version available. Actually, Travis recorded it a few years ago in a folk song album where it lay buried until exhumed by Ernie. Merle Travis is from Kentucky and has waxed a number of other realistic songs originating in the coal mining country around Harlan, notorious for its labor strife and the attempts of the mine owners to stamp out union activity. As a matter of fact, he has disked a number of sides dealing with mine workers. I remember one entitled "Nine Pound Hammer" which came out a dozen or so years ago and included the words:

"Roll on Buddy, pull a load of coal  
Roll on Buddy, pull a load of coal  
How can I pull when the wheels won't roll?"

There are many good things on the country and western record lists, known generally as hill-billy. Much of it, of course, is down around the usual Tin Pan Alley level but a lot is genuine folk music and, as such, is a mirror of working class experience. It leans heavily on jazz and the blues mixed with Anglo-Saxon folk tunes. At the same time, it retains a flavor all its own—although currently there is often so much of a mixture with rhythm and blues that it is difficult to separate one from the other.

**Will Sixteen Tons Start Trend?**

This kind of music is often quite topical. Several years ago, during the day of the migrating Okies, a singer named Doyle O'Dell recorded a number on the Exclusive label entitled "Dear Okie" with the following verses:

"Dear Okie, if you see Arkie, Tell Tex he's got a job for him out in California diggin' up oil wells

All he needs is a shovel  
Now he'll be lucky if he finds a place to live  
But there's orange juice flowin' out of fountains

For those kids of his."

I shall be interested in seeing whether the success of "Sixteen Tons" will start a trend or if the record moguls will nip it before it has a chance to grow. It would be a most difficult decision to make. The success of the Tennessee



MR. DAVIS